## **Translating Science into Action**

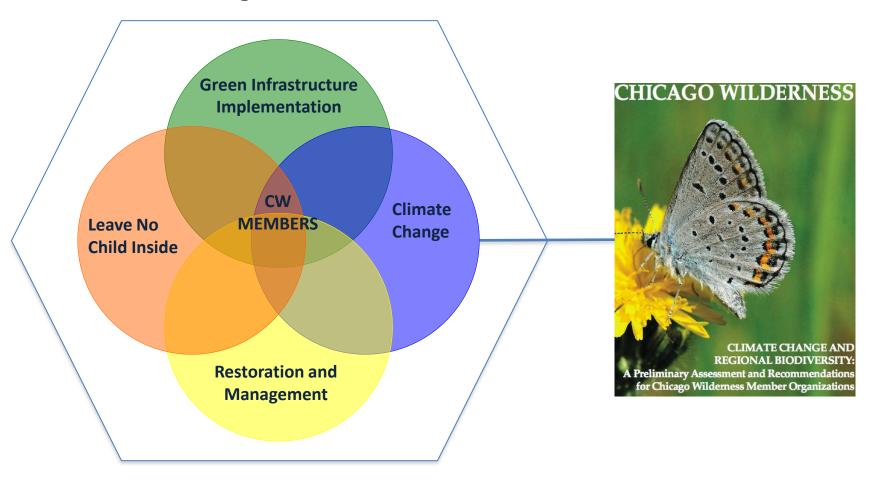




Creating place-based climate adaptation strategies for the Chicago Wilderness region



#### **Strategic Initiatives**



**Regional Biodiversity Recovery** 





City of Chicago Climate Action Plan Chicago Wilderness
Climate Action
Plan for Nature

- Human population
- Buildings
- Transportation infrastructure
- Landscaping

- Urban forests
- Water infrastructure
- Vacant land

- Rivers and lakes
- Restored natural areas
- Remnant natural areas
- Native species





# BIODIVERSITY RECOVERY PLAN

**Climate Change Update** 

## **Bridging the Gap(s)**



Global changes Local change

Impacts to regional biodiversit



Engagement of resource managers



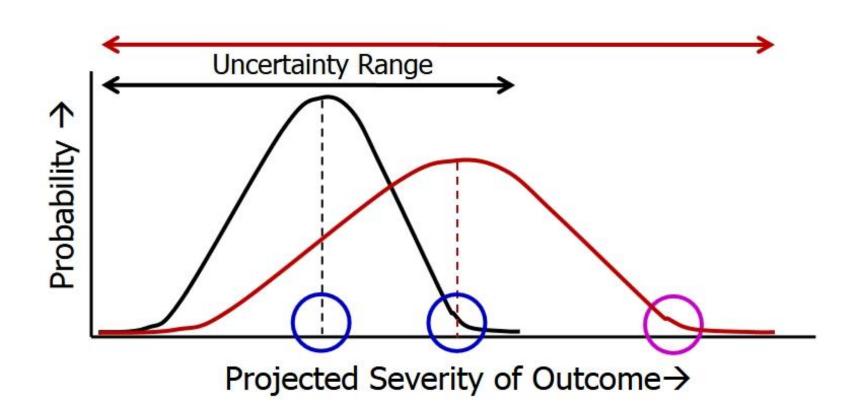
**Adaptation strategies** 







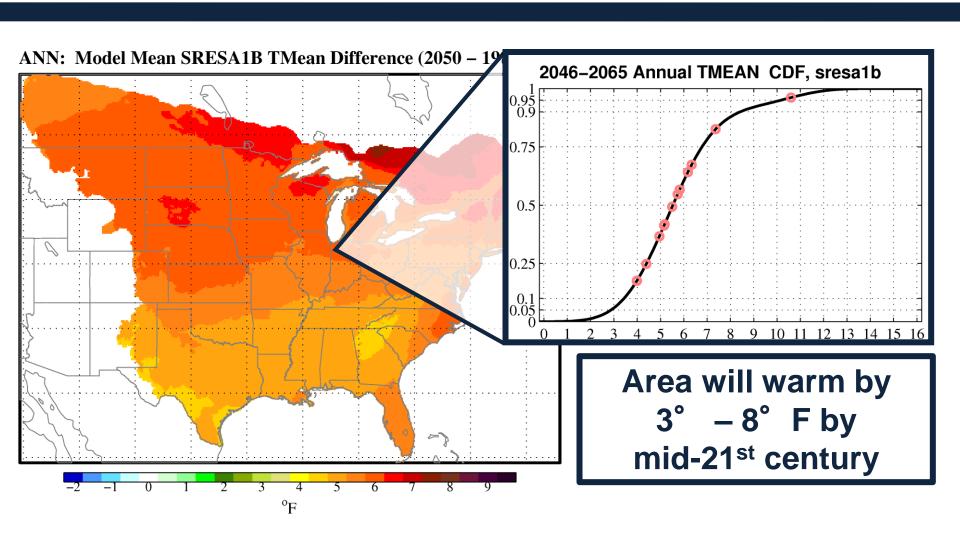
#### Risk matrix







## **Annual Daily Temperature Change**

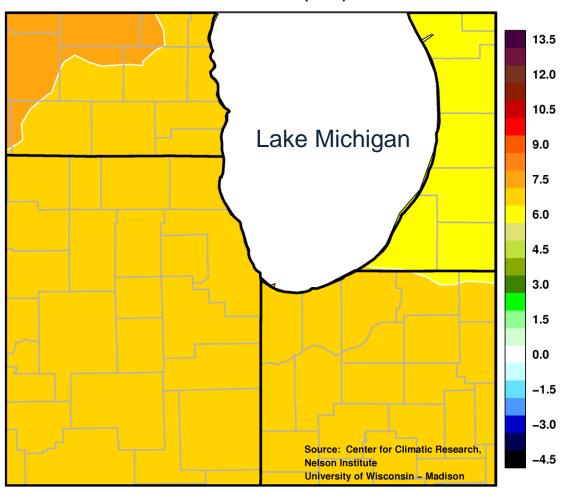


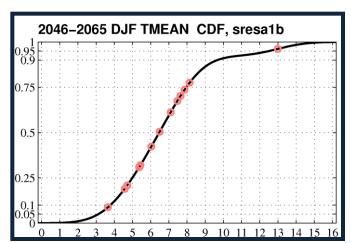




## Winter Daily Temperature Change

#### Projected Change in DJF Average Temperature (°F) from 1980 to 2055 (A1B)





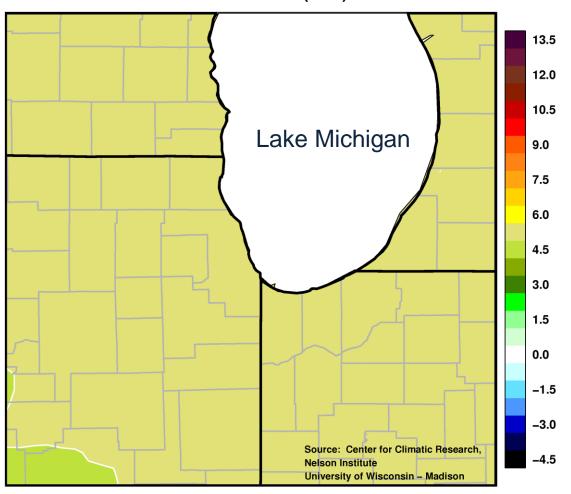
Winter Average temperature will increase by 4-10° F by 2055

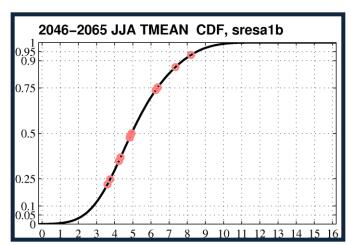




## Summer Daily Temperature Change

#### Projected Change in JJA Average Temperature (°F) from 1980 to 2055 (A1B)





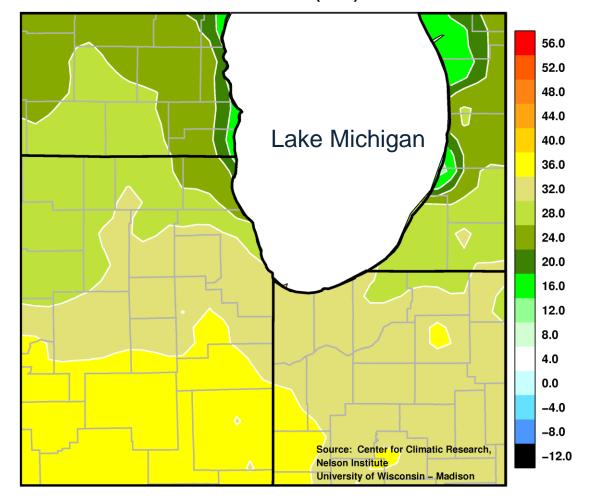
Summer Average temperature will increase by 3-8° F by 2055



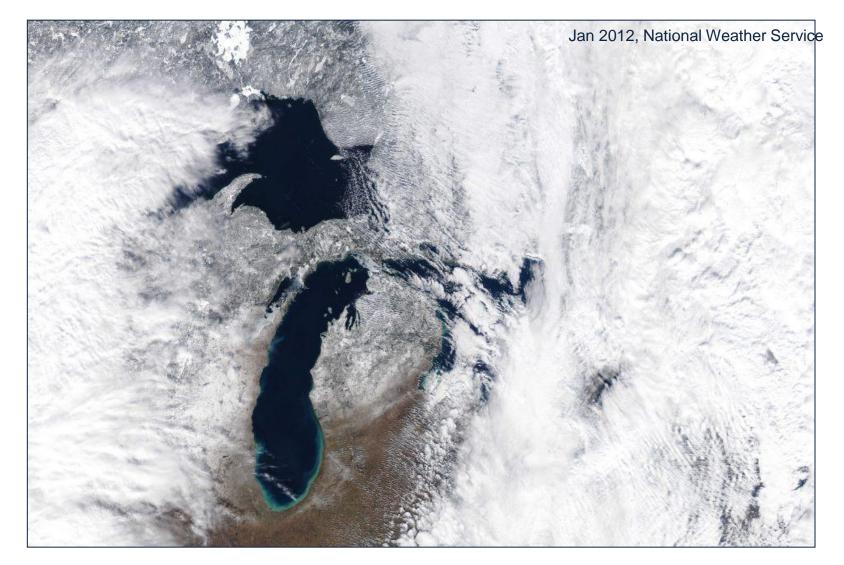


## Increased No. of Days > 90° F

Projected Change in Number of Days > 90 °F from 1980 to 2055 (A1B)



Increase in the number of very hot days (>90° F) by ~ 4 weeks/year



#### Lake Michigan 1973-2010

- Water warmed by 3.3° F
- Winter air temperatures over lake warmed by 2.7° F
  - Ice cover reduced by 77%





## Impacts to biodiversity



**Direct effects** 

- Temperature
- Precipitation
- Increased intensity of weather events



**Indirect effects** 

- Range shifts
- Predators/disease/invasives
- Timing of important life cycle events





#### Impacts to plants/natural communities

#### Weather impacts & extreme events

- Change in frost dates
- Change in freeze-thaw cycle
- Milder winters
- Increased evapo-transpiration
- Ice storms
- Droughts (hydrology)
- Floods
- Scouring (water, ice)
- High winds
- Persistence of snow cover

Fire
Change in prescribed
fire management

#### **Biotic/abiotic factors**

- Range shift
- Community disaggregation
- Invasives/diseases/pests
- Fragmentation/isolation
- Herbivory
- Soil distribution

## Phenological & related changes

- Pollination
- Seed dispersal
- Dormancy
- Early bud burst





#### Identifying climate-sensitive decisions

What management actions could reduce a natural area's vulnerability to specific climate-related impacts?

- Drought and heat stress
- Extreme storms (e.g., precipitation flashiness and flooding)
- Loss of key functional system or species

#### (this is how we did it)





#### http://climate.chicagowilderness.org

Chicago Wilderness



Navigation

Main page Introduction Terrestrial Communities Aquatic Communities

Green Infrastructure

Wildlife Plants

Climate Change Background

General Adaptation Strategies

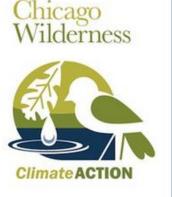
References

Contributors

Toolbox

What links here Related changes Special pages Printable version Permanent link Page Read View source View history

#### Main Page



# BIODIVERSITY RECOVERY PLAN

**Climate Change Update** 

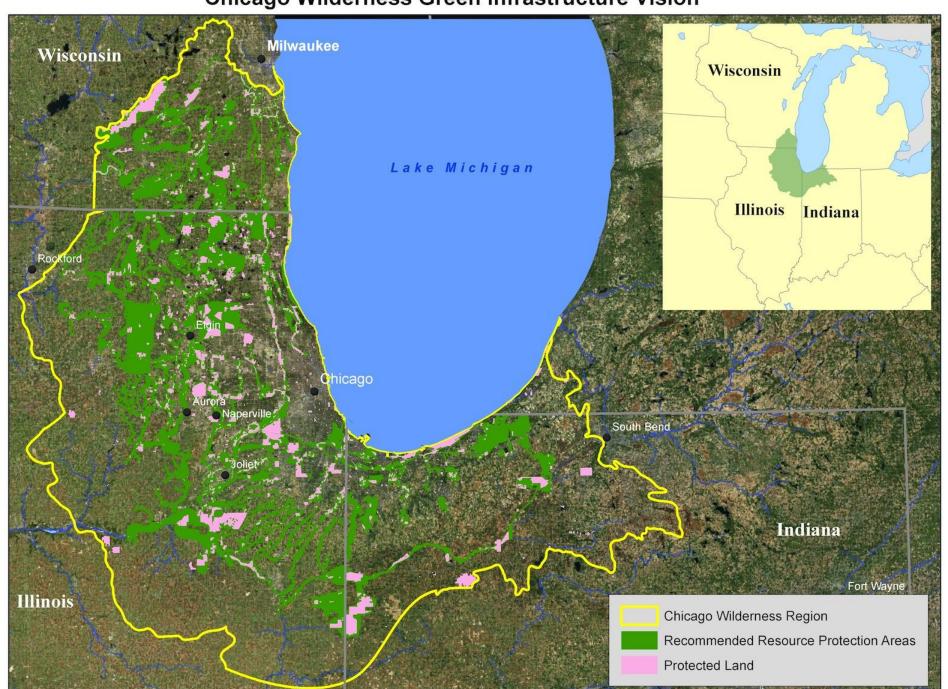
"It is not the strongest of the species that survive, nor the most intelligent, but the ones most responsive to change!" - Charles Darwin

Changing Landscapes in the Chicago Wilderness Region: A Climate Change Update to the Biodiversity Recovery Plan

Recognizing the potential of climate change to jeopardize the conservation investment that has taken place in the Chicago Wilderness region, in 2007 the Chicago Wilderness Council established Climate Change as one of four thematic initiatives, along with the Green Infrastructure Vision, Leave No Child Inside, and Restoring the Health of Local N and carry out the work of this initiative, CW established the Climate Change Task Force (Task Force) to "study and make recommendations on adaptation strategies and moderate to address the local impact of climate change." In 2009, the Task Force produced Climate Change and Regional Rindiversity & Proliminary Assessment and Recommendations.

- ♦ 100 + regional managers, scientists and researchers contributed

#### Chicago Wilderness Green Infrastructure Vision



# Join the Climate Change Newsletter!

Contact aderby@fieldmuseum.org

